C S LOW VOC CONTACT ADHESIVE















As part of our CONSTRUCTION range, C15 is a web spray adhesive designed for use in applications using the substrates listed.

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

TensorGrip® C15 is a multi-purpose contact adhesive that effectively bonds a vast range of substrates while maintaining compliance with stringent California VOC requirements (SCAQMD Rule 1168). Formulated with CO-REZ Technology, which is an exceptional formulation incorporating a highly engineered resin and gas matrix. The result: Greater Coverage from Less Canister Weight.

ADVANTAGES

- Aggressive Adheres to nearly any surface
- · Fast dry with excellent initial bond
- Good heat resistance (up to 180°F)
- · High-strength, long-term bond

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

- TensorGrip® C15 is designed as a portable, selfcontained spray system for field or shop applications.
- Apply adhesive to both surfaces to be mated, at 80% to 100% coverage.
- Allow enough time (2-4 minutes or until dry to the touch) for the adhesive to become tacky before bonding.
- Parts should be mated with as much pressure as practical.
- Normal coverage required with web spray pattern is approximately 80%; however, porous surfaces may need a second coat.
- Initial bond is strong enough to allow cutting or trimming immediately, although ultimate strength is achieved in 1-3 days
- Canister system will spray adequately above 60° F.
 Canister system should be kept in warm area. In the event that the canister gets abnormally chilled, freezes or gives poor or sputtering spray, it should be warmed up before continued usage. Warming canister by immersion in warm water is recommended.
- Notice!!! Do not store at temperatures over 120° F.

- Web Spray
- 80% of final strength achieved immediately
- · Full strength achieved in 24 hours
- Low VOC California Compliant (SCAQMD Rule 1168)

CANISTER STORAGE/CHANGE OVER

- If you choose to leave the hose and spray gun on the canister, leave the valve on the canister open. Do not disconnect the hose/gun from the canister. Close and lock the spray gun.
- To change or disconnect canister: turn canister valve to the off position, spray out remaining adhesive left in the hose, disconnect the spray hose and gun from the canister.
- Reconnect the spray hose to a new canister of adhesive. OR if you are NOT connecting to a new canister, connect hose to canister of cleaning solvent (sold separately) and spray out until liquid is clear which indicates that the hose and gun is clean.







CIS LOW VOC CONTACT ADHESIVE

CHEMICAL TECHNICAL DATA

TYPICAL PROPERTIES

Total Solids

VOC Content

Color

• System Flammability

Solvent System

• Dry time

Open time

· Shelf Life

32-38%

45 g/L (Canister) and 35.9% by weight (Aerosol)

Red, Clear

Flammable Adhesive, Non-Flammable Propellant (Canister) Flammable Adhesive and Propellant

(Aerosol)Methyl Acetate

2-4 mins dependent on temp & humidity

Long

18 months from date of manufacture

PACKAGING

• 650ml

• 22L

• 108L

• 216L

Aerosol Cans

Disposable Canister

Returnable Canister

Returnable Canister

STORAGE

HANDLING & STORAGE

- · Consult Safety Data Sheet prior to use.
- Do not store at temperatures over 120°F/50°C.
- Avoid exposure to direct sunlight.
- Do not store directly on concrete floor.
- Always store above 60°F/15°C
- When connected, keep valve open and hose pressurized at all times
- Always test our adhesives to determine suitability for your particular application prior to use in production

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTY: Quin Global makes neither warranty of merchantability or fitness for any use nor any other warranty, express or implied, in the sales of its products. Buyer assumes all risk and liability for the results obtained by the use of its products, whether used singly or in combination with other products.







SAFETY DATA SHEET TensorGrip C15 Low VOC Contact Adhesive

1. Identification

Product identifier

Product name TensorGrip C15 Low VOC Contact Adhesive

Product number USA

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Application Canister Spray Adhesive

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Tensorgrip

5710 F St

Omaha NE 68117 (402) 731 3636 (402) 731 1473

marketing.us@quin-global.com

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone Chemtrec: 1 800 424 9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Physical hazards Flam. Aerosol 1 - H222

Health hazards Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Eye Irrit. 2A - H319 Repr. 2 -

H361f STOT SE 3 - H336 STOT RE 2 - H373

Environmental hazards Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

Human health The liquid may be irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. Symptoms following

overexposure may include the following: Headache. Dizziness. Nausea, vomiting.

Label elements

Pictogram





Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H302+H312+H332 Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H361f Suspected of damaging fertility. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P304+P340 If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313 If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C /122°F.

Supplemental label

information

Contains 8.075 % of components with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment.

Contains Methyl Acetate, n-Hexane

Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Methyl Acetate	30-60%
CAS number: 79-20-9	
Classification	
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225	
Acute Tox. 4 - H302	
Acute Tox. 4 - H312	
Acute Tox. 4 - H332	
Eye Irrit. 2A - H319	
STOT SE 3 - H336	

n-Hexane 5-10%

CAS number: 110-54-3 M factor (Acute) = 1

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225

Acute Tox. 4 - H302

Acute Tox. 4 - H312

Acute Tox. 4 - H332

Skin Irrit. 2 - H315

Eye Irrit. 2A - H319

Repr. 2 - H361f

STOT SE 3 - H336

STOT RE 2 - H373

Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

4. First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General information

Remove affected person from source of contamination. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

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Inhalation Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person

by administering oxygen. Get medical attention.

Ingestion Get medical attention immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Do not induce vomiting. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a

position comfortable for breathing.

Skin Contact Remove affected person from source of contamination. Remove contaminated clothing. Wash

skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Eye contact Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Only remove contact lenses if the

person is conscious, coherent and they can remove them themselves If adhesive bonding occurs, do not force eyelids apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. If in doubt, get

medical attention promptly. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression resulting in headaches,

dizziness and nausea. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the

concentration and the length of exposure.

Inhalation Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Irritation of nose,

throat and airway. Coughing. Headache.

Ingestion Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Gastrointestinal

symptoms, including upset stomach. Nausea, vomiting. Diarrhea.

Skin contact Prolonged contact may cause redness, irritation and dry skin.

Eye contact Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Irritation and

redness, followed by blurred vision.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Pressurized container: Must not be exposed to temperatures above 50°C/120°F Containers

can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source

of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous combustion

products

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances:

Aldehydes. Hydrocarbons Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions For personal protection, see Section 8. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of

ignition near spillage.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Avoid discharge into drains. Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-

combustible material.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Stop leak

Stop leak if possible without risk. Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapors. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above an acceptable level. Container must be kept tightly closed when not in use. Use explosion proof electric equipment. Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Keep container tightly closed. Keep only in the

original container. Pressurized container: Must not be exposed to temperatures above

50°C/120°F

Specific end uses(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.

8. Exposure controls/Personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Methyl Acetate

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 200 ppm Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): ACGIH 250 ppm

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 200 ppm 610 mg/m³

n-Hexane

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 50 ppm

Sk

Ceiling Value: OSHA_TRANS 500 ppm 1800 mg/m³

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 50 ppm 180 mg/m³ ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

Sk = Danger of cutaneous absorption.

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

Exposure controls

Protective equipment





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Appropriate engineering

controls

This product must not be handled in a confined space without adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray/mists. As this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls should be used to keep worker exposure below any statutory or recommended limits, if use generates dust,

fumes, gas, vapor or mist.

Eye/face protection Wear chemical splash goggles.

Hand protection Use protective gloves.

Other skin and body

protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or

prolonged vapor contact.

Hygiene measures DO NOT SMOKE IN WORK AREA! Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating,

smoking and using the toilet. Wash promptly with soap and water if skin becomes

contaminated. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. When using do not

eat, drink or smoke.

Respiratory protection Respiratory protection must be used if the airborne contamination exceeds the recommended

occupational exposure limit. If exposure levels are likely to be exceeded, use a half face mask fitted with an organic vapor filter for short term low level exposures. For long term or high level

exposures, a supplied air respirator should be used.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Aerosol.

Color Clear. Red.

Odor Organic solvents.

Flash point -26°C/-15°F Not specified.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Lower flammable/explosive limit: 3.4 g/100 g Upper flammable/explosive limit: 18 g/100 g

Relative density .93

Solubility(ies) Negligibly soluble in water

Volatile organic compound This product contains a maximum VOC content of 45 g/l.

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with the following materials:

Oxidizing agents. Reducing agents.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Fire creates: Vapours/gases/fumes of: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Hydrocarbons. Aldehydes.

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

ATE oral (mg/kg) 801.09

Acute toxicity - dermal

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 1,762.4

Acute toxicity - inhalation

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 17.62

Toxicological information on ingredients.

Methyl Acetate

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

mg/kg) **Species**

Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg)

500.0

5,000.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ 2,000.0

mg/kg)

Species

Rat

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 1,100.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation

(LC₅₀ vapours mg/l)

49.28

11.0

Species Rat

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

n-Hexane

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD50

mg/kg)

25,000.0

Species

Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg)

500.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ 2,000.0

mg/kg)

Species

Rabbit

ATE dermal (mg/kg)

1,100.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ vapours mg/l)

171.6

Species

Rat

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

11.0

Reproductive toxicity

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Reproductive toxicity -

fertility

Suspected of damaging fertility.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Target organs Central nervous system

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Target organs Central nervous system

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may cause chemical

pneumonitis.

General information After absorption. Tiredness. Narcosis. After long term exposure to the chemical:

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{CNS}}$ disorders, paralysis symptoms. (It generally applies to aliphatic hydrocarbons

with 6 - 18 carbon atoms that they cause pneumonia, in some cases also

pulmonary edema, upon direct inhalation, i.e. in conditions that can occur only in very special circumstances (nebulizations, spraying, inhalation of aerosols and similar.)) Absorbtion of large quantities may cause: Narcosis. Possible risk of

adverse reproductive effects.

Inhalation May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Vapors irritate the respiratory system.

Ingestion Irritating. May cause nausea, stomach pain and vomiting.

Skin Contact The product is irritating to eyes and skin.

Eye contact Risk of corneal clouding.

Route of exposure Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Target Organs Eyes Skin Respiratory system, lungs Central nervous system Peripheral nervous

system

12. Ecological information

13. Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Disposal methods

Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the

local Waste Disposal Authority.

14. Transport information

Air transport notes Cargo aircraft only. <75kg

UN Number

UN No. (ICAO) 3501 **UN No. (DOT)** 3501

UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name (TDG) Chemical Under Pressure, Flammable, N.O.S.

Proper shipping name (DOT) Chemical Under Pressure, Flammable, N.O.S.

Transport hazard class(es)

DOT hazard class 2.1

Transport labels



Packing group

Packing group (International) Not applicable.

15. Regulatory information

National regulations The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (S.I 2009

No. 716).

Guidance CHIP for everyone HSG228.

Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.

Safety Data Sheets for Substances and Preparations.

Approved Classification and Labelling Guide (Sixth edition) L131.

US Federal Regulations

SARA 313 Emission Reporting

Present.

n-Hexane

SARA (311/312) Hazard Categories

Present.

Methyl Acetate

Fire

Acute

Chronic Health hazard

n-Hexane

Acute

Chronic

Health hazard

Fire

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65 Carcinogens and Reproductive Toxins

Ths product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth or any other reproductive harm.

Massachusetts "Right To Know" List

Present.

Methyl Acetate

n-Hexane

New Jersey "Right To Know" List

Present.

Methyl Acetate

n-Hexane

Pennsylvania "Right To Know" List

Present.

Methyl Acetate

n-Hexane

Inventories

Canada - DSL/NDSL

Methyl Acetate

Present.

n-Hexane

DSL

US - TSCA

Present.

Methyl Acetate

n-Hexane

16. Other information

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SDS No. 21864

Hazard statements in full H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H361f Suspected of damaging fertility.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

ACA HMIS Health rating. Slight hazard. (1)

ACA HMIS Flammability

rating.

Ignites easily. (3)

ACA HMIS Physical hazard

rating.

Normally stable. (0)

ACA HMIS Personal

protection rating.

В

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

PRODUCT LOGO

The information in this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is believed to be correct as of the date issued. The manufacturer MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR COURSE OF PERFORMANCE OR USAGE OF TRADE. Given the variety of factors that can affect the use and application of this product, many of which are solely within the user's knowledge and control, the user is responsible for determining whether the usage of this product is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for the user's method of use or application. It is essential that the user, not the manufacturer, evaluates this product to determine whether it is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for the user's method of use or application.